

## REVOLUTION

### Sweeping the Country from End to End.

Charles L. Breckon Meets Signs of It Everywhere.

Waterloo, Iowa, Oct. 3, 1904. I have now given three weeks to the work in Iowa, and all the meetings have been characterized by an attendance and a spirit that is most decidedly hopeful and full of promise for both the present and future. Meetings in the mining camps of the State have been wonderfully good as showing the class-consciousness of the organized trades-unionist, and his determination to vote his class into power by a straight ballot for the Socialist Party ticket.

At Altoona, three days before I was in the city, the republicans had one of their grand rallies. Brass bands and strong bamboozlers were much in evidence. When their meeting was finally called to order they had one lone miner in the crowd and the boys told me that he was somewhat simple-minded. At the Socialist meeting, with little or no advertising save the quiet passing of the word by the comrades, the hall was filled to the door, and 90 per cent of the audience were miners, members of the W. F. of M. They shouted in a way that looked bad for this old competitive private ownership system, and contributed in the collection in a manner that said they were determined to aid in bringing in the co-operative commonwealth. Many men among them are most ardent workers for the cause and day and night they labor with their comrades, while they are down deep in the bowels of the earth, to see that they shall come to a knowledge of the truth of economic determinism.

In Fraser the comrades were greatly agitated. The operators have introduced a new mining machine which bids fair to cut wages in two. A strike was imminent. A member of the W. F. of M. had been on the ground for three days endeavoring to adjust matters and prevent a strike. This man is a Socialist and knows what's what and who's who. The operators demanded that the men accept 45c per ton instead of 90c, the prevailing rate—the evidence that labor saving tools are labor destroying instruments when owned by the employing class. The hearse had backed up to the door of each of these men's homes. They were in a fever of excitement. About this time a comrade was delegated to go over to the hotel and bring over that Socialist speaker. He came. The room was crowded with sturdy miners. The air was suffocating. A free Turkish bath was on tap. Stripped of coat, collar and cuffs, I tried to explain these things to those anxious men. How they listened, how they applauded, and when I made an appeal for membership in the class conscious scientific rock-ribbed revolutionary Socialist party of the working class thirteen men came forward to the altar. They did not kneel for prayers but they placed their sturdy signatures on the application for charter. They threw quarters and halves and dimes into the hat. They bought literature like a country swain buys red lemonade at the county fair and circus. They said that by their vote on November 8, 1904, they would come to the ownership of that machine and the entire tool of production, and then own the product of their labor; that they would erase the word "competition" from the terminology of labor and write in letters of power and wisdom, might and science and truth the word "co-operation." And they will. On the 16th day of September—my birthday—I organized a local among the farmers at Patterson, south of Burlington, the first name to go on the list was a farmer worth \$25,000, a farmer popu-

list, and a man who sees most clearly that the workers of the world must be the owners of the world. I covered that school house blackboard with diagrams and figures illustrative of the economic truths of today. Those men were satisfied. The farmer joins hands with the city worker. The great working class in city and country sees its historic mission and is organizing itself to attain unto the powers of government. He only is fit to be free who himself shall strike the first blow. The farmer is pulling an even oar with the city worker. The co-operative commonwealth is in sight. While in southern Indiana, after riding

### Special Campaign Edition

We have made arrangements with the State Committee of Iowa to get out a Special Campaign Edition of The Iowa Socialist of from 50,000 to 100,000 copies on Oct. 15. It will contain besides the state ticket the national platform, articles by prominent Socialists, several cartoons and the regular features which have made The Iowa Socialist famous. Six columns and larger.

In bundles, if ordered from J. J. Jacobsen, 1129 13th St., Des Moines, before Oct. 10: 1000, \$3.25; 500, \$1.75; 250, \$1.00. Shall it be 50,000 or 100,000? We pay express.

fourteen miles across the stony highways of that part of the earth owned by John R. Walsh of Chicago, I finally had the privilege of taking by the hand the secretary of the local among those farmers. Every hair in his head was as white as snow. He was 60 years old, but every wrinkle in his face spelled revolution and every sparkle in his noble eye marked the truths of the class struggle. Under his buggy seat were scads of literature and in his very soul was burning a consuming fire. As he drove across that country he had become a shining light. Under the trees I talked Socialism. Lying upon the grass with anxious faces were 50 sturdy farmers. They shouted for Socialism.

That night a country store became a hall. It was packed to the doors. The women were there. Whole families were there. The farmer was there and on Nov. 8th he'll be there.

Last Saturday at Fairbank, with a truck wagon for a platform and the sun for a shield, I talked for over two hours to a street full of farmers. Applications for membership were signed in good number, collection was splendid, and The Iowa Socialist was tucked away for future reading and study.

There is something doing. The whole working world is thinking Socialism, talking, breathing, and dreaming of industrial liberty, equality of economic opportunity. The only limit is our power to get out and tell them. You have the power in your keeping, comrades. Make another mighty effort to swell the campaign "Fund." Get the people to subscribe for our papers. The working class must know the truth and the working class must tell their class this story. You cannot put your money in a savings bank in the land where it will yield you so large a return as placing it in the campaign fund and literature for Socialism.

Ours is the fight of today. Tomorrow, the victory. Yours the glory of a part—a personal part—in this historic struggle. You are building for a better day. Dig deep and lay well the foundations. Capitalism is tottering to its fall. Yours shall be the triumph. The slaves are coming to their emancipation; the workers of the world are uniting; they are losing their chains. CHAS. L. BRECKON.

## DEBS' SUCCESS

### Given Ovation at Tacoma, Wash.

Presidential Candidate's Campaign Is a Record-Breaker.

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 27.—The reception accorded Eugene V. Debs, the candidate of the Socialist party for president of the United States at the Lyceum theater last night was in the nature of a tremendous ovation. From gallery to parquet the theater was packed, the aisles were crowded, the foyer sheltered a small audience, and outside the theater congregated men who were unable to crowd into the house.

The meeting differed from any other political gathering held in Tacoma during this campaign in that every man in the large audience paid 10 cents for the privilege of hearing the eminent advocate of Socialism speak on the issues involved in the national campaign as defined in the platform of the party of which he is the standard-bearer.

It is nine years since Debs addressed a Tacoma audience. In 1895 he delivered his message to the people of this city, and since that time he passed through the city on several occasions, but never tarried long enough to meet with his followers. The career of Debs has been spectacular. He is recognized today as one of the foremost writers, lecturers and organizers in the world. Forty-nine years ago he was born at Terre Haute, Ind., and he resides there at the present time. He began life as a locomotive fireman, and subsequently became a clerk in a wholesale grocery house. He served as city clerk of Terre Haute from 1879 to 1883, and was a member of the Indiana legislature in 1885. For thirteen years he was grand secretary and treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, and president of the American Railway Union from 1893 to 1897. His next position was chairman of the national committee of the social democratic party from 1897 to 1898 and candidate for president of the United States in 1900. As president of the American Railway Union he won a large strike on the Great Northern. While managing the still larger strike on the Western railroads in 1894 he was charged with conspiracy, tried and acquitted. He afterwards served six months' imprisonment for contempt of court in the violation of an injunction order, and is once again before the people as an active candidate for president of the nation.

His address last night was received with vociferous applause. He faced an audience composed almost exclusively of wage earners, including a few women. It was an attentive audience, quick to grasp a point, keen to appreciate the humor that filtered through the exhaustive discourse, and generous in its demonstrations of approval. Mr. Debs has campaigned in the east and south since he received the nomination, but in no place did he receive a more enthusiastic welcome than in Tacoma.

His address was devoted to a review of the social and industrial system in vogue today, which he characterized "a system of capitalism." He declared that capital and labor are locked in a death struggle, and that the working men, women and children are represented in the struggle by the Socialist party. He addressed the audience in "the name of that revolutionary and uncompromising party of the working classes." He pointed the way, the socialistic way, in which workingmen can free themselves in the struggle, which was by united political action. He said that the capitalist system is less than 2,000 years old, and declared that it must pass away to make room for a better one—the economic system, and

when he drew a word picture of the future, if the workingman does assert himself, with its promise of work being art and joy instead of a drudge and degradation, he touched a responsive chord in the breasts of his auditors that found expression in a burst of spontaneous applause.

The address fairly teemed with brilliant epigrams. In his treatment of the great political parties of the day, Mr. Debs spared the feelings of neither. He severely arraigned both as the servile tools of capital, having nothing in common with the working class. He spoke in epigrams, but they were not involved, as for instance when

### Two Monster Rallies

The locals of the state are requested not to forget the Debs Rallies to be held in the big Auditorium in Des Moines, Monday, Oct. 10, at 7:30 p. m., and at the Grand Opera House in Dubuque Thursday, Oct. 13, at 8 p. m. Bring along that friend of yours who is still "on the fence" and Debs will do the rest.

Where ten or more persons wish to attend from any place, they may secure a party rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip. These will be the only opportunities to hear Debs in Iowa during this campaign.

he said "You never hear of workmen corrupting legislatures," and again, "A workingman should stand erect and see what a shadow he casts." He told his audience that workmen have heads as well as hands; they should use both, that "Justice to labor means the end of capital" and that "You support the government that suppresses you; you pay the salary of every judge; you maintain the army to be ordered out to shoot you."—Tacoma Ledger.

At Wichita, Kansas, Debs drew more people than both the democrats and populists, though 300 seats were sold to pay expenses. Every seat in the auditorium was taken. The stage was crowded.

Referring to the political parties, Debs said the republican convention was made up of men who went in private cars and on passes. The labor plank, he declared, contained sixty-two words and was hardly a splinter. Its promise of "justice to labor" was untrue. He declared if labor got justice it would wipe out capital because there would be nothing left when this came about.

"The candidates declare they will serve both labor and capital. You can't do that; if you serve one, you must do so at the expense of the other."

In speaking of the republican and democratic candidates, Debs said he spoke impersonally; he referred to them only as candidates. He scored Roosevelt for, as he declared, making men work ten hours when the law demanded an eight-hour day.

"They struck to enforce a state law, and Governor Roosevelt sent the militia to Croton Dam to shoot them down," he declared.

### Special For The Special.

Every county ordering at least 1000 copies of the Special Campaign Edition may have its county ticket and township tickets, if any, printed in a prominent place in said edition. Send orders to J. J. Jacobsen, 1129 13th St., Des Moines, and have names of your candidates reach The Iowa Socialist not later than Oct. 10.

"Hands" are what the workingmen are called now.—Debs.

## SHALL WE SAY

### What the Issue in 1908 is To Be?

State Secretary Jacobsen Says We Can Turn the Trick.

To the Socialists of Iowa, organized and detached:

Dear Comrades:—"Shall the Socialist party dictate to the capitalist class what shall be the paramount issue in 1908" is the question to be decided this year. The problem is to give capitalism a lease on life no longer than absolutely necessary. The mission is to convert a majority of the voters to a realization of "what they want, how to get it and what to do with it," and to leave no vestige of plutocracy to posterity. In the few weeks yet to come before election the Socialists have an unequalled opportunity to build a solid foundation for the battle of the ballots of the future, and by organized and systematic effort now, capitalism will see its finish four, or perhaps eight, years sooner than would otherwise be possible. Your liberty of the future depends upon your activity now, your interests demand that agitation be carried on systematically and cheaply, and your attention is directed to the following proposition:

The state organization has made arrangements with the publishers of The Iowa Socialist for a special edition of from 50,000 to 100,000 copies. The paper will be one column wider than usual. It will contain the national, state and congressional tickets, the national and state platforms, numerous short articles by the best writers in the movement, live and spicy editorials, the Socialist vote of the world, striking cartoons, and will be a paper which for propaganda purposes will have no equal for general distribution in Iowa.

The large edition makes it possible to furnish bundle orders at the following prices: 1000, \$3.25; 500, \$1.75; 250, \$1.00. The state organization will purchase and distribute free of charge as many copies as may be sold to locals and isolated Socialists. If you cannot buy 5000, buy 1000, 500 or 250, and if capitalism has been so unkind to you and your fellow workers that you can neither contribute or collect funds necessary to purchase a supply, the number required for your town will be sent free providing you guarantee to distribute them. If you can use more papers than you are able to pay for they will be furnished, provided, that the state organization will not guarantee to circulate more than 50,000 copies in that manner. If you have more money than needed to supply your home town, buy for your neighboring town also. In order to determine the size of the edition, all orders must be in not later than October 10. The edition will be issued October 14 and will reach you in time for a house to house distribution on Sunday morning, October 16. Kindly make application together with the amount, to the undersigned.

Why do things in a small way when we can do them on a large scale, and do it cheaper? Why not flood Iowa with a hundred thousand copies of a live, up-to-date Socialist paper on the same day? Why not make the effort here outlined unanimous, and immediately proceed to carry it into effect? Why not serve notice on the capitalist class that the Socialist party is in the ring to the end, and that its organization uses system in its endeavor? Why not act now on the above suggestion? An early response will be appreciated.

J. J. JACOBSEN, Sec'y.  
1129 13th St., Des Moines.

These are strenuous days. It takes just such a fight to stir the blood and put a man on his mettle. It is in the storm of conflict that man is at his best.—Eugene V. Debs.



# The Iowa Socialist

Published every Saturday in the interest of the Socialist Party by  
**THE IOWA SOCIALIST PUBLISHING CO**  
 Cor. Sixth and Iowa Sts., Dubuque, Iowa.

**TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.**  
 One year \$1.50  
 Six months .75  
 Four yearly postal subscription cards 2.00  
 Sample subscription for three weeks .02  
 Bundle rates per hundred .50  
 Weekly bundles to one address per hundred .50  
 Payable in Advance.

Address all communications and make money orders, drafts and checks payable to The Iowa Socialist. Communications intended for publication must bear the writer's name (not necessarily for publication, however,) and if for the current issue, should reach this office not later than the Wednesday preceding date of issue. Rejected manuscripts will not be returned unless stamps are enclosed. All communications to insure consideration must be written on one side of paper. Receipts are never sent to individual subscribers. Acknowledgment is made by number on the yellow address label.  
 Advertising rates furnished upon application.

Entered October 3, 1902, at Dubuque, Iowa, as second-class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.



## NATIONAL SOCIALIST TICKET.

For President,  
**EUGENE V. DEBS,**  
 Of Indiana.

For Vice President,  
**BENJAMIN HANFORD,**  
 Of New York.

## IOWA SOCIALIST STATEMENT.

For the Month of September.

| EXPENDITURES.                           |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Supplies.....                           | \$ 24 13        |
| Press Work and Binding.....             | 125 85          |
| Salaries to Sept. 24.....               | 120 00          |
| Literature.....                         | 10 50           |
| Expense—Rent, Postage, etc.....         | 19 86           |
| Outstanding Accounts.....               | 79 45           |
| <b>Total.....</b>                       | <b>\$379 82</b> |
| RECEIPTS.                               |                 |
| Job Work.....                           | \$140 10        |
| Advertising.....                        | 49 25           |
| Subscriptions, bundles and samples..... | 64 66           |
| Stock.....                              | 50 00           |
| Cash Deficit.....                       | 75 78           |
| <b>Total.....</b>                       | <b>\$379 82</b> |

## CAMPAIGN JINGLES.

### PROFIT AND LOSS.

He doesn't 'b'lieve in dividin' up'  
 And neither does his boss;  
 So the latter takes all the profit—  
 The former all the loss.

### FATHER GOOSE.

Idler in the counting house  
 Taking all the money:  
 Worker getting nought but work  
 Thought it awful funny.  
 Took a Socialist paper  
 Began to thinking some,  
 Voted for himself one day—  
 Put idler on the bum.

### HIS PROFESSION.

Old Charon started for the other shore  
 With a famous democrat,  
 But he jumped overboard and got away  
 For he was an acrobat.

The earth is the (land)lord's and  
 the fool(nes)s thereof.

Some of our writers can get Socialism  
 in a Nutshell but you can't  
 get it in some men's heads.

The republicans also point with  
 pride to their record in Colorado—  
 that is, when only trust magnates  
 are present.

Under Socialism the working-  
 man will get his full product; under  
 capitalism he gets the product  
 of the fool.

President Roosevelt didn't write  
 the letter to Donnelly but a republic-  
 an editor did. So what is the  
 use of getting mad about it.

The reason capital and labor can  
 not go hand in hand is because  
 at present capital insists on having  
 its hand in labor's pocket.

Thanks to republican prosperity  
 all men are fully employed, but the  
 occupation of many of them is that  
 of looking for the full dinner pail.

It is contended for the capitalist  
 that he works with his brain. The  
 Socialist doesn't deny it. The era  
 of the highwayman who uses physical  
 force in his calling has passed  
 away.

"In the sweat of thy brow shalt  
 thou eat bread" was the primal  
 curse but God must have made a  
 miscalculation or he would have  
 added: "Provided the landlord  
 gives you permission."

The physicists tell us there is no  
 such thing as a perfect vacuum.  
 Wonder if they ever examined the  
 skull of the man who believes there  
 is a difference between the republic-  
 an and democratic parties.

The greatest act in the great po-  
 litical circus this season is without  
 doubt the daring double back som-  
 ersault in the flying leap for the  
 nomination in 1908 of the famous  
 demacrobatic Brothers Bill.

The Nebraska Independent calls  
 attention to the fact that in '96 and  
 1900 the democrats stole the popu-  
 list platform and this year they  
 have appropriated the republican  
 platform. We just want to add  
 that neither were worth stealing.

All the robberies of which the  
 consumer is the victim grow out of  
 the robbery at the point of produc-  
 tion—the taking from the worker  
 surplus value—the difference be-  
 tween the value of his product and  
 his wages.

With men over thirty-five being  
 refused employment by the big  
 corporations and younger men be-  
 ing blacklisted for belonging to a  
 union it will soon be left to the  
 women and children to do the  
 world's work.

A great fault of our education is  
 that a great deal of our time is de-  
 voted to finding the greatest com-  
 mon divisor of given numbers  
 which should be devoted to the  
 search for the great common di-  
 vider of surplus value.

The republicans are standing up-  
 on their record in this campaign.  
 It is well that they do, for it is  
 so strong in spots that if they did  
 not it would perhaps get up and  
 crawl away. As for the democrats,  
 their record is so rotten that even  
 they refuse to stand on it.

The alchemists of old sought in  
 vain for a process which would en-  
 able them to transmute silver and  
 the baser metals into gold. It  
 seems their failure is due to the  
 fact that they confined their experi-  
 ments in that direction to metals.  
 At any rate the modern capitalist  
 has discovered a process whereby  
 he is enabled to transmute human  
 blood, muscle and bone into the  
 coveted metal.

## SPECULATION VS. STEALING

Here is something rich from the  
 editorial column of a daily paper:  
 At Marshalltown a few days ago  
 a man who had stolen \$6 was sen-  
 tenced to imprisonment in the pen-  
 itentiary for twelve years. Banker  
 Soule, of Iowa Falls, a defaulter  
 for \$54,000, will serve only  
 eighteen months. On this state-  
 ment of the case some would be  
 disposed to exchange the sentences  
 or let \$6 thief off with six days in  
 jail. It appears, however, that he  
 was a professional pickpocket and  
 had been for many years, while the  
 banker owes his downfall to specu-  
 lation and not to a vicious propen-  
 sity for stealing money.

What is "speculation" by any  
 one but a "vicious propensity for  
 stealing money?" An effort to get  
 something for nothing, which ani-  
 mates alike the despised pick-  
 pocket and the respected specu-  
 lator?

But one thing is clear to any one  
 who will use the contents of their  
 cranium, and that is this: Under  
 a profit system of industry where

it is a matter of course to "profit"  
 as much as possible from the labor  
 of others, the press, pulpit, courts  
 and laws will condone the large  
 theft and put a heavy penalty on  
 the small one. This puts a prem-  
 ium on dishonesty on a large scale.  
 This is one of the fruits of existing  
 conditions which you are asked by  
 Fairbanks to sustain by your votes  
 for the republican party next  
 month.

Is it not better to vote for Social-  
 ism and finally do away with all in-  
 centive to theft, large or small, by  
 inaugurating the co-operative com-  
 monwealth?

## ARE YOU SATISFIED.

It is reported of Fairbank's cam-  
 paign speeches in Montana that:  
 "In the main the speeches were  
 along the general line of previous  
 speeches and consisted of appeals  
 to sustain existing conditions by  
 voting the republican ticket."

The same result, however, can  
 be reached by voting the democ-  
 cratic ticket since the two parties  
 are Siamese twins. Therefore, we  
 would make the appeal like this:  
 All those satisfied with conditions  
 as they are today, sustain them by  
 voting either one of the old party  
 tickets.

But those who are dissatisfied,  
 and there must be a few, judging  
 from strikes, lockouts, injunctions  
 and such in the labor world, should  
 vote for a party that stands for  
 changing present conditions so that  
 the workers of the world will have  
 the comforts and considerations  
 due them.

This is the Socialist party, whose  
 "issue" is: "To the laborer be-  
 longs the full product of his toil."  
 Voters, you will get what you  
 ask for, next November.

Shall it be "existing conditions,"  
 or something better?

We know in advance that the  
 capitalist class will vote as a unit  
 for "existing conditions."

What will the workingmen do  
 with their votes? Will they stand  
 as a unit for their class and vote  
 for their full product?

Time will tell.

## CAPITALISM IN SCHOOL BOOKS.

It would be well if all Socialists  
 would inform themselves as to  
 what is being taught their children  
 in the public schools. Not with-  
 out purpose have school books  
 gone into the control of a trust.  
 Capitalism recognizes all too well  
 that "as the twig is bent so is the  
 tree inclined," and sees to it that  
 whatever of economics is taught in  
 the schools, it shall be so presented  
 as to impress the youthful mind  
 with the idea that all proposed  
 changes are more or less danger-  
 ous, and it is better to "suffer the  
 ills we have than to fly to others  
 that we know not of."

As an example of what capital-  
 ism is doing in the schools to in-  
 trench itself more firmly in its  
 present strongholds, the high  
 school here has an "Introduction  
 to the Study of Economics" by  
 Prof. Bullock, of Cornell Univer-  
 sity, in which, to give a pretence  
 of fairness, twelve pages are given  
 to the consideration of Socialism.  
 In fact, it is possible in these  
 pages to find several sentences  
 which are fair, but how is a high  
 school student to know which they  
 are, especially as they are all taught  
 at present by the slaves of capital-  
 ism?

Prof. Bullock has evidently  
 studied Socialism from our critics  
 or he willfully misrepresents. He  
 harps on that worn-out string of  
 "lack of incentive" as though we  
 would all die of sheer laziness if  
 we were not kept at the point of  
 starvation and made to "dig in"  
 for the bare necessities of life.  
 Was it simply the need of "bread  
 and butter" that led the author to  
 work for his degree of Ph. D.? He

could probably have secured a bare  
 living without that.

The author says Socialists "have  
 not always agreed as to what con-  
 stitutes justice in distribution."

There is perhaps not another  
 point in the whole Socialist philo-  
 sophy on which they are so perfectly  
 agreed.

"Justice in distribution" means  
 "the full product of labor" to the  
 Socialists and if Prof. Bullock had  
 consulted any one or a dozen of  
 them before writing his book he  
 might have found it out.

The false statements of Socialist  
 philosophy and the misinterpreta-  
 tions of the true ones are so num-  
 erous that it is impossible to note  
 them all. But the most absurd of  
 all is the danger he claims to see  
 in Socialism to free speech and a  
 free press. It would be amusing  
 if it were not so serious, to note  
 how most people like to hypnotize  
 themselves into the belief that we  
 have free speech or a free press  
 now. Many Socialists do not dare  
 to show their colors now for fear  
 of losing their jobs, and many others  
 have been put upon the blacklist  
 for the mere avowal of Socialism.

This author seems to think gov-  
 ernment under Socialism would be  
 the same thing it is under capital-  
 ism; but there is a difference of 180  
 degrees. Now we have a govern-  
 ment of, by and for the capitalists.  
 Under Socialism it would be of, by  
 and for the people, and when any  
 official refused to give the people  
 who elected him what they wanted  
 he would be immediately recalled.  
 Both industrial and governmental  
 officials will be servants of the peo-  
 ple—not masters as at present;  
 and servants can always be dis-  
 charged.

But these points are not brought  
 out in the book, neither is it likely  
 they are even touched upon in the  
 class room. And so the students  
 are taught that Socialism is im-  
 practicable, and "if Socialism is  
 an impossible plan we shall have  
 to reject it."  
 Fortunately for the workers of  
 the world, it takes more than the  
 dictum of a university professor to  
 "reject" Socialism.

These few points give a faint  
 glimpse of how capitalism has  
 clutched our public schools. Let  
 Socialists act accordingly and see  
 to it that their children are taught  
 in the home on this important sub-  
 ject.

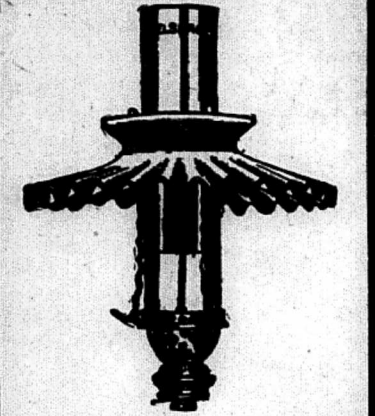
## Directory of Secretaries

Wm. Maily, National Secretary, Boylston  
 Building, 269 Dearborn St., Chicago.  
 J. J. Jacobsen, State Secretary, 1129 13th  
 street, Des Moines, Iowa.

### Secretaries of Iowa Locals

- Avery, F. J. West.
- Beebeetown, J. O. McElroy.
- Bellevue, Wm. G. Stuart
- Boone, John H. Cook, 1021 Meridian St.
- Burlington, Wm. Strauss, 2007 Agency Av
- Bussey, W. H. Rice
- Centerville, D. E. Hayes, 121 N. 21st St.
- Cincinnati, Chas. McCowin
- Clarinda, T. F. Willis.
- Clinton, A. R. Kolar, 511 2d St.
- Correctionville, John Tangborn.
- Council Bluffs, L. H. Peterson, 241 Ben-  
 ton St.
- Cresco, W. A. Fisk
- Javenport, B. W. Wilson, 522 Esplande  
 Ave.
- Deloit, Stanley Browne.
- Des Moines, E. Ericson, 86 E. Grand Ave.
- Dubuque, C. Brandt, 303 Wood St.
- Exline, E. M. Beer
- Fairbank, L. J. Dietz
- Frazer, S. O. Currier
- Hilton, Philip Bishop.
- Hiteman, George Darby
- Hocking, Thomas Love.
- Keb W. Whittle
- Lake City, Oakley Wood.
- Little Rock, W. H. Attlessea.
- Logan, A. D. Wilson.
- Madrid, Bert Vilas.
- Manson, John Walton
- Marshalltown, Watson Roberts.
- Mason City, A. H. Beecher.
- Missouri Valley, John Bender
- Muscatine, Lee W. Lang, 700 W. 8th St.
- Newton, W. J. Porter.
- Numa, Wm Davis
- Oelwein, Geo. H. Burkart
- Ottumwa, I. H. West, 601 Richmond Ave
- Persia, W. C. Newland
- Pisgah, Walter Cook.
- Polk City, E. E. Bennett.
- Prescott, S. P. Daggett
- Rock Rapids, George Monlux.
- Ryan, Chas. Hickett.
- Sac City, W. J. Martin, Box 475.
- Seymour, J. R. Hagethorn
- Shambaugh, E. W. Wolf
- Sheldon, E. W. Farnsworth
- Sigourney, Edward J. Rohrer.
- Sioux City, Miss Carrie Yeager, 414 Pearl  
 St.
- Waterloo, E. D. Hammond, 1412 W. 4th.

## A Light That is a Light

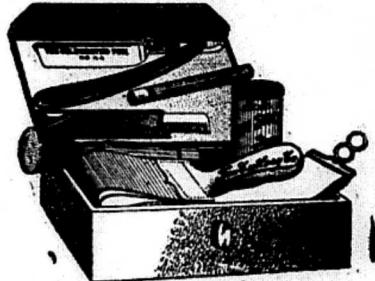


A Welsbach Gas Light is a real light  
 —it makes a brilliance for less  
 money than any other medium  
 except the sun. Its favor is shown  
 by the number of places it is being  
 used now where a short time ago it  
 was unknown. Now you will find a  
 Welsbach in almost every home. It  
 is there because it gives so much  
 more light for less or the same money

IT IS: Best for the eye  
 Best for the Pocketbook

## Key City Gas Co.

\$3.00 for this Set.



Fox Cutlery Co., (Of New York.)  
 Dubuque, Iowa.

## A Full Line of WOMEN'S UNION LABELED SHOES

—At—  
 \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50  
 —At—

## BECHTELS

177 Main St., Bet. 1st and 2d.



Demand this label on packages Beer, Ale, Porter

## MACKENZIE, PHOTOGRAPHER.

## F. L. EGELHOF, Undertaker and Embalmer

Open Day and Night. Both Phones.

## Wittmer's Drug Store..

IMPORTED and DOMESTIC Perfumes  
 1347 Clay St. All Kinds.

Journeyman Tailors Union Label  
 on all Garments.

## Wilberding, Tailor

1524 CLAY STREET.

## STUDY SOCIALISM BY CORRESPONDENCE.

Socialism is the greatest subject of the  
 greatest age of history. It may be studied  
 by correspondence. The American So-  
 cialist College provides excellent facilities  
 at a low cost. Address for information,  
 THOMAS E. WILL, Pres., 200 Sedgwick  
 Building, Wichita, Kans.

The Iowa Socialist in Bundles at 25-  
 ty cents per hundred. Express pre-  
 paid.





In a Nutshell A thrill of indignation swept over our country in 1861 at the recital of the wrongs committed against the black slave, but I tell you they are nought in comparison to the wrongs which every day the white slave endures. They at least were assured of a shelter and enough to eat, for the slaves meant money to their masters and it was to their interest to grant them this. But what of the laboring man of today? Hundreds perish yearly from overwork, from neglect and from starvation; and worse than this, think of the thousands who sink into the pitfalls of sin and degradation.

Our pulpits teach us to have patience with our lot in life. Can the man who sees his little ones dying from the want of proper nourishment bow his head in all submissiveness, and especially when he knows his condition is due to none of his own making, but because yonder man who rides proudly by in his carriage has robbed him of his just rights, and by one transgression after another has brought him down nearly to the level of the beast? In fact the condition of the beast is even better than that of the average worker; organizations are formed for the prevention of cruelty to animals, but child labor is still permitted to continue, and poorly ventilated tenements into which hundreds of families are huddled, and which are not only a menace to the health of our coming generations, but to their very lives, are still permitted to stand. As has been said, the one great fault of the American people is that they spend too much time in the pursuit of little things; they waste their energies in trying to do away with smoking, drinking and gambling, which even admitting is a very commendable course on their part, is not the course which will strike at the real root of affairs, for these vices are simply the offspring of the greater social evils existing today.

Why, my friends, have you ever stopped to consider, you who are in the habit of idly folding your hands and letting affairs take their own course, that if crime increases at the rate it has in about 300 years hence every one will be in the penitentiary? But you may say all this crime and misery only exists in the larger cities such as New York and Chicago, it is not the case in our smaller towns where everyone who is willing to work can earn a livelihood. Let me tell you of a little circumstance that came under my own notice in the city of Davenport. A gentleman there kept a restaurant, and every morning a young girl came to him and asked him for the bones or scraps or whatever was left over for her dog. Well, that man finally came to the conclusion that the girl didn't want those scraps for her dog but she wanted them for herself. So the next morning he said to her: "Pardon me, Miss, but if you don't want these scraps for your dog, I can give you something much better and which I assure you will be clean." Tears filled her eyes and it was her only answer.

Nor is this an uncommon occurrence; it takes place every day throughout the length and breadth of our land, and oh, my friends, I tell you there must be something radically wrong in a country where such things daily happen in the midst of wealth and luxury, where yearly the few grow richer and the many poorer.

But surely there is some remedy for this disease which is slowly sapping the very life blood of our people? There is, and that remedy is Socialism. But what is Socialism, and in what manner does it intend to bring about this great change, you may ask?

Socialism is the result of the theory of evolution applied to human affairs, and is able to foresee what the next step in the production and distribution of wealth will be, and its aim is to get control of the means of production and distribution; or in other words to get control of the mines, the railroads, the street car systems, the lighting facilities, the water plants, etc. Now, do not get the idea from this that the Socialists want to control every banana stand and every shoe black stand in the town. They do not, but they do want to control all those industries which are of such vast importance to the welfare of our people.

Take for example the mines. I am told that the cost of mining coal is \$1.10 a ton and yet we pay three or four times that price, whereas if the people owned and controlled these mines we could obtain it for a little over the actual cost of mining. Again, take cotton for an example. In the raw state it is sold for about 7 cents a pound, and it takes 20 cents to get it ready for the market, making a total of 27 cents. But what do we pay when we go to the stores for it? Why, we pay over a \$1.50 a pound. Say, my friends, have you never stopped to wonder where all the rest of this money goes to? But enough of this. Since we have covered two points which Socialism stands for; firstly, the collective ownership of public utilities and all industries in the hands of trusts and combines, and secondly, democratic management of such collective industries, let us look a little further.

In the third place, we want shorter hours of labor and more pay, thus giving the worker more time to devote to the intellectual side of his nature. How much good do the public libraries do for most of the workers of today? None whatever. Simply because when they have finished their hard day's toil body and mind is so exhausted that they are only too glad to eat their suppers and go to bed.

And again, state and national insurance for workers, honorable rest for old age. "Honorable rest for old age!" How much this means, for this will do away with that terrible nightmare, "the poor house," which forever haunts the waking or sleeping hours of the worker.

And once more, the inauguration of public industries to protect the worker against lack of employment; and lastly, education of all children up to the age eighteen; no child labor. Speaking of child labor brings to my mind a little poem which runs as follows:

"Shut them from the light of day,  
Dividends! Dividends!  
Rob them of their youth and play.  
Dividends! Dividends!  
Stunt and dwarf the coming race,  
Flabby limbs and bloodless face,  
A prison mill the infant's place,  
Dividends! Dividends!  
Steal their freedom and their joy,  
Dividends! Dividends!  
Sacrifice the girl and boy,  
Dividends! Dividends!  
Foolish, blind, impotent state,  
Sowing dragon teeth of hate,  
Save thy nurslings from this fate,  
Dividends! Dividends!"

Now stop and think for one moment, my friends. You have seen the democratic party in, and you know how much good they have

done for the worker, and you have experienced the boasted prosperity of the republican party, under whose rule we now are, and as a result of which 2,000,000 people in these United States are actually begging for the opportunity to earn their bread and butter.

Opposed to these two parties comes forth Socialism, offering succor and relief to the worker; for Socialism stands for equality in opportunity, and equality in opportunity means the bettering of the human race; it means the opening of a way through which man may obtain the beauties and the comforts of this world without that terrible struggle for existence which day after day, and year after year, is being waged simply to keep body and soul together.

Moreover, Socialism wishes to show the people that though now "The seed ye sow another reaps,  
The wealth ye find another keeps."  
It will not always be so.

And we urge that a social order which permits certain individuals to appropriate the withheld wages of generations of weary workers ought not to last. But with you, my brothers, this great issue rests; for you are the only ones who can transform the twentieth century city, with its rotten politics and wasteful administration into a well ordered and peaceful community. And remember! at the polls this fall the beggar and the millionaire will stand face to face, each vested with an equal power for at the polls at least, men, not money, rule, and the ballot is the only weapon with which the worker may hope to effect his emancipation. I ask you now which system are you going to vote for? Are you going to vote for the system which enslaves you and enslaves your helpless babes, or are you going to vote for the system which will take mother out of the factory, and which will give your child an equal opportunity with any other man's child? And again I plead with you; this time, don't vote to make more millionaires, but vote for yourselves, and vote for your home and babies. And if you will do this, you will not have to ask some petty tyrant for the right to live, for the right to earn a livelihood for yourselves and families, for under the co-operative commonwealth there will be work enough for all, and the workers not the drones will be the masters of the situation; while King John D. Rockefeller and all the rest of this species of human sharks will be a thing of the past.

Now, in conclusion, I say if you still want to see your children toiling their young lives away in a factory, if you want to see the form of your wife bowed down with sorrow and care because of the many privations she is forced to endure, then by all means continue to vote for the old parties. But if you want to shake off these hateful fetters, if you want to be free men and free women, there is only one way to do it, and that is, to vote the straight Socialist ticket and tell everybody else you meet to do the same thing.—Lottie Burns.

Hogs are sometimes cured after they are killed. Socialism will cure the hog in human form without killing him.—Labor.

Don't fail to read announcement of our Special Campaign Edition on 1st page. This will be the biggest thing ever. Get in and help push.

David S. Cameron, Carpenter. Terms very reasonable. Iowa Phone 4581.

Thornwick Rye  
Equal to the Best  
And Better than the Rest.

AT LAST WE HAVE THE YANKEE "MERRIE ENGLAND."

ITS TITLE IS

## "Socialism Made Plain."

BY ALLAN L. BENSON,

Author of "Confessions of Capitalism."

MR. BENSON was formerly editorial writer on the New York Journal, being a master of plain, direct and thought-compelling English. "Socialism Made Plain" fairly sparkles with these qualities, and is of all books, the one to put in the hands of the man you are trying to convert. After leaving Hearst's Journal, Comrade Benson determined to become a master of the Socialist philosophy and the present book is the result of a vast amount of study rendered into every day English for the every day man to read and understand. It is as graceful in diction as it is clear and direct. The book has a great mission before it. 136 pages. A big book for only

10 CENTS

IT'S A GOOD THING—PUSH IT ALONG.

### SUBSCRIPTION BARGAINS:

|                                  |        |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| Chicago Socialist, 1 year.....   | \$ .25 |
| Wilshire's Magazine, 1 year..... | .25    |
| Vanguard, 1 year.....            | .25    |
| Comrade, 6 mo.....               | .50    |
| "    3 mo.....                   | .25    |
| Appeal to Reason.....            | .25    |

Supply of above limited. Designate second choice.

Address **The Iowa Socialist** Dubuque, Ia.

## INSTITUTE OF SOCIAL STUDIES

### Residence Work

Devoted to subjects especially suited to prepare workers for Socialism. Both day and evening classes, thus meeting the requirements of working men and women. No entrance examination. Tuition very low. Following courses offered for coming Winter:

**AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL HISTORY**, by A. M. Simons.

**SOCIALISM**, by May Wood Simons.

**POLITICAL ECONOMY**, by May Wood Simons.

**BIOLOGICAL SOCIOLOGY**, by Ernest Untermann.

**SPECIAL ILLUSTRATED LECTURES** will also be given by Prof. Jerome H. Raymond, of the University of Chicago and others.

Particular emphasis will be laid on teaching original investigation, for which the excellent library facilities of Chicago offer exceptional opportunities.

Term opens at Chicago November 14, 1904.

Prospective students should write at once to arrange for registration.

A booklet giving full particulars of either Residence or Correspondence Work sent on request. If there is any point not understood, write and further information will be sent.

Address **MAY WOOD SIMONS** or **A. M. SIMONS**, 56 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill.

### Correspondence Work

The most remarkable development in educational work during the last decade has been the growth of Correspondence Study. Its perfect adaptability suits this method to every possible condition of age, previous preparation, time for study, etc. Each student receives individual attention on the particular points in which he is interested.

The courses in American Industrial History, Political Economy and Socialism are given by correspondence. Twenty lectures with required reading in each course. The student is taught methods of study and investigation, as well as the subject matter of the lecture, and the literature bearing upon it.

### LOCAL CLASSES

Special arrangements are made for classes where several wish to study together, as in a Socialist Local. One set of lectures is furnished to be read to the class. Separate readings are assigned the various members and all the papers are read and corrected and questions answered by correspondence.

Terms very low.

## FREE

### What

Two correspondence courses in Socialism in the American Socialist College at Wichita, Kansas, and two correspondence courses in Composition and Rhetoric in the International Correspondence Schools of Scranton, Pa., will be given away free by The Iowa Socialist on December 1, '04.

### Why

Under an agreement adopted by referendum of the membership, the state committee of the Socialist party of Iowa will buy each month 200 yearly subscription cards of The Iowa Socialist at 25 cents each. Those not taken by speakers and organizers are to be bought by Iowa locals at 25c each and sold to subscribers at 50c, the local retaining the profit. Each local is required to take its pro rata share, and may secure any additional number on the same terms. Profits of The Iowa Socialist will be divided equally with state party.

### Who

The Iowa local buying the most cards from the state committee between Aug. 1 and Nov. 30 will be given its choice of a scholarship in the American Socialist College and a scholarship in the Scranton schools as described above. The local buying the next largest number of cards will be given the scholarship not taken by the first local. The Iowa local buying the most cards from the state committee between Aug. 1 and Nov. 30 in proportion to population of its town will be given its choice of two scholarships as above. The Iowa local buying the next largest number in proportion to population of its town will be given the remaining scholarship.

### Wherefore

Being offered an opportunity of killing several birds with one stone, every Iowa local should at once order an extra bunch of sub cards from J. J. Jacobsen, State Secretary, 1129 12th St., Des Moines, Iowa.

## C. O. D. Laundry Co.

Both  
Phones

Up-to-date, Modern Equipped.  
High Gloss or Domestic Finish.

Hotel and Restaurant Work. 24-6 8th St.,  
Clean Towel Supply. Dubuque, Ia.

## James Levi & Co.,

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS  
and FURS.

7TH AND MAIN STS.

A sample is an invitation to subscribe.

## STARRETT'S MACHINISTS'

## TOOLS

Are Union Tools.  
A Full Line at

## LINDENBERG'S.

Both Phones. 575 Main Street.

## A. R. Knights & Co.

## Jewelers and Opticians

Finest Store, Largest Stock and Lowest  
Prices on same quality of Goods and  
Work in the State of Iowa.

708 to 714 Main St.

## J. J. MURPHY,

Undertaker and Practical  
Embalmer.

Phones: 7661 Iowa; 2 on 568 Standard.  
Cor. Seventh and Locust. Sts.

## LEISER & SON,

Refreshment  
Parlors.

Germania Hall and Eighth St.

## H. H MEHLHOP GREAT 5

UNION MADE CIGAR

## A. EDEN,

The  
Up-to-Now Tailor

S. E. Cor. Main and Fifth.  
Dubuque, Iowa.



### CAMPAIGN BULLETIN

National Headquarters, Socialist Party  
Chicago, Ill., Oct. 1, 1904.

CAMPAIGN FUND.  
Total to noon, Oct. 1.....\$ 263 71  
Previously reported.....4691 02  
Total.....\$4954 19

The October issue of the party official bulletin will contain a complete list of electoral and state tickets.

The amount of campaign literature being sent out by the national headquarters caused one of the overworked Chicago postal clerks to exclaim the other day: "You Socialists must be expecting to elect Debs president!"

The reports from all the speakers traveling under the direction of the national headquarters are of the most encouraging nature. This holds good no matter what part of the country the particular speaker may be in. There is no apathy in the Socialist campaign.

The campaign lithographs of Debs and Hanford are going fast. Comrades write in and say they have succeeded in interesting workers in the party through these posters whom it was impossible to interest before. Every local should have some before the campaign closes.

The first issue of the Socialist party official bulletin has been sent out from national headquarters either direct to locals or through the state secretaries. Each local secretary should see that he gets his share for the local members. The bulletin contains a lot of information of value to party members.

Party locals should take action looking to the placing of watchers at each polling place on election day, Nov. 8. Reliable comrades should be selected and those who can stay on ground all day and then watch the counting of the vote at night. An increase in the Socialist vote is generally conceded and experience shows that the old party hacks who will have the counting in charge will not hesitate to defraud if the chance is given them. At least one comrade should have charge over each polling place and he must be prepared to firmly uphold and protest the party's rights. And other comrades should be present to back him up if necessary.

#### NATIONAL CAMPAIGN SPEAKERS.

Dates for national campaign speakers travelling under the direction of national headquarters for the week ending Oct. 10 are arranged as follows:

Eugene V. Debs—Oct. 9, Omaha, Neb., 10, Des Moines, Ia.; 11, Minneapolis, Minn.; 12, St. Paul, Minn.; 13, Dubuque, Ia.; 14, Rock Island, Ill.

Ben Hanford—Oct. 9, Indianapolis, Ind.; 10, enroute; 11, Saginaw, Mich.; 12, enroute; 13, Huntington, Ind.; 14, Peoria, Ill.; 15, Milwaukee, Wis.

Franklin H. Wentworth—Oct. 9, Cincinnati, O.; 10, enroute; 11, McMechen, W. Va.

James F. Carey closes his work in Jersey City, N. J., Oct. 9, under the direction of national headquarters and goes back to Massachusetts to close the campaign.

John Spargo—Oct. 9, Minneapolis, Minn.; 10, Milwaukee, Wis.; 11-15, Chicago.

John W. Brown—Oct. 9-15, Milwaukee, Wis. Comrade Brown returns to New York state to close the campaign after his Milwaukee engagement.

M. W. Wilkins is under the direction of the state secretary of Massachusetts.

The continued illness of Comrade Chas. G. Townner made it impossible for him to fill the dates made for him in Indiana, and Mrs. Gertrude Breslau Hunt has been engaged to take his place. Mrs. Hunt speaks as follows: Oct. 9-13, Knox, Ind.; 14-15, South Bend, Ind.

John M. Ray, in Louisiana—Oct. 9, Mermentau; 10-11, Jennings; 12, Lake Charles; 13, Shreveport; 14-15, Longstreet.

Ida Crouch Hazlett, in Pennsylvania—Oct. 9-12, Alleghany county; 13, Millvale; 14, Leechburg; 15, Charleroi.

Geo. E. Bigelow again resumed work at Yankton, S. D., Oct. 7. Enough dates have been contracted for to keep him busy in North and South Dakota until election day. Dates in South Dakota are arranged as follows: Oct. 8-10, Platte; 12, Sioux Falls; 14-16, Aberdeen.

Geo. H. Goebel, after filling a number of dates in Wyoming and Nebraska will work home to New Jersey as follows: Oct. 8, Peoria, Ill.; 10, Ridgville, Ill.; 11, South Bend, Ind.; 12, Fremont, O.; 13, Ashtabula, O.; 14, New Castle, Pa.; 15, Butler, Pa.

Chas. Pergler, Bohemian organizer, after filling dates in New York City, will start west.

Leonio Petriella, of Newark, N. J., Italian speaker, began his work in Chicago with three meetings.

Dan A. White closed his work in Mil-

waukee Sept. 30, and spoke enroute east at Cincinnati, O.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Ashtabula, O., and Erie, Pa., beginning his work in western New York Oct. 8.

### DEBS' GREAT TOUR.

Eugene V. Debs, Socialist party candidate for president, continues his record-breaking tour around the country, arousing great enthusiasm and scaring the old party politicians by the size and character of his audiences.

At Pine Bluff on Saturday, Sept. 17, he addressed an immense audience in the Court House Square. Comrade Nelson writes: "It was a demonstration to be long remembered. Cheer and cheer interrupted the speaker as he landed his sledge hammer blows that roused the 'brother to the ox' from his hypnotic slumber."

Comrade Palmer reports that the Kansas City, Mo., meeting was "the biggest thing of the kind we ever undertook. Hundreds of young men made the statement at the close of the meeting that they would have the honor of casting their first vote for Debs." The Kansas City Times reported that 4,500 persons were present and they cheered for several minutes when Debs was introduced. The Journal said "the crowd was a tremendously enthusiastic one, and several times, both before and during his speech, cheers rang through the big building."

The Wichita, Kas., meeting was conceded by the capitalist press to be the political event of the season. The Wichita Beacon stated: "Socialists found it necessary to hang out the 'S. R. O.' sign at their first meeting of the campaign held at the Toler Auditorium last night. Eugene V. Debs, candidate of the party for president, addressed the meeting. He spoke to an audience that taxed the standing capacity of the auditorium, the stage and put standing room at a premium. Evening trains brought delegations of Socialists from many of the nearby counties."

The Wichita Eagle said: "The audience paid close attention to every word of the speaker and was very enthusiastic. At times the speaker was forced to wait for the cheering to subside before he was able to proceed." The press dispatches also reported the meeting to be "the biggest political gathering of the year, though both the democratic and republican parties had held rallies in Wichita."

From Wichita, Comrade Debs had to jump to Los Angeles, Cal., in order to reach there on Sept. 23. In response to a request from comrades at Albuquerque, N. M., he consented to speak at that point enroute.

On arrival of the train a big crowd was there and I spoke to them from a truck on the platform. The train stops twenty minutes but the engineer had some trouble getting the engine in working order and the train stopped there an even hour, so I gave a full speech at Albuquerque to a crowd of plutocrats and proletarians. The whole train joined in the crowd and the railroad men were full of enthusiasm."

Comrade Metcalf reports from Albuquerque: "Debs got here on time yesterday, and spoke for nearly an hour from a baggage truck, while repairs were being made on the engine. Many of those present were old railroad men who were visibly affected at meeting their old comrade. The striking machinists are 'injuncted' from going on the station grounds or they would have all been there. Debs said when he was here ten years ago, the detectives shadowed him all the time to prevent him from organizing the A. R. U. and he was much pleased at his present reception. We presented him with a basket of native fruit and were awfully sorry to see the train move out."

The Los Angeles meeting was a great success. Comrade A. J. Stevens reports: "We expected a large attendance, but the Pavilion was filled beyond seating capacity and it seats 4,000. The audience was largely workmen, with now and then a bonnet interspersed, and the most appreciative audience that ever listened to a Socialist speech. As soon as the chairman (myself) introduced Debs the audience cheered and cheered for several minutes. The Times (Gen. Otis' scab paper), which maligns Debs so five years ago, was very respectful this time, so much so that there was not a word in this morning's issue concerning his speech."

A heavy rain interfered somewhat with the San Francisco meeting on Sept. 24 and alone prevented an overflow. The Bulletin reported: "Before an immense gathering of 7,000 Eugene V. Debs made a stirring address last night. The speaker was frequently interrupted by applause. Just as the last sentence passed his lips the audience rose and greeted the speaker with a round of cheers."

The Examiner said: "An enthusiastic crowd of 6,000 persons gathered in Woodward's Pavilion last evening to listen to the campaign address of Eugene V. Debs,

# Roshek Bros.,

The Store of Real Economies.

NEW CARPET DEPARTMENT NOW LOCATED IN THOMPSON STORE.

## ECONOMY BASEMENT.

\$1.25 large figured Silkoline Comforter, both sides alike, yarn tied. This week.....98c

98c large 11-4 Cotton Blanket in tan and grey, red, blue and pink borders. This week.....69c

\$2.50 72x90 fine Eider Down Blanket, 50 different styles and colors to choose from. This week.....\$1.69

69c 81x90 Bleached Sheet, 3 inch hem. This week.....49c

25c quality of Fleisher's German Knitting Yarn, all colors. This week.....20c

\$1.00 31x27 Bed Pillow, covered with fancy art ticking. This week.....59c

2,000 yards of Remnants, 1 1/2c and 15c quality, of Zephyr and Seersucker Gingham. This week.....10c

## SHOE DEPARTMENT

Ladies' \$2.50 and \$3.00 Patent Colt and Patent Kid Welt Shoe in broken sizes. This week.....\$1.98

Ladies' \$2.00 single sole McKay

Sewed Shoe, in broken sizes. This week.....\$1.39

Boys' and Youths' \$1.75 and \$2.00 Welt Sole Shoe, in broken sizes. This week.....\$1.39

Misses' \$1.48 Extension Sole Velour Calf Shoe, Stock tip, sizes to 2. This week.....\$1.10

Children's \$1.23 Dongola Shoe, patent tip, sizes to 11 1/2. This week.....89c

Children's 69c Dongola Spring Heel Shoe, patent tip, white lace, sizes to 8. This week.....49c

### LOCAL NOTES

Don't forget Debs next Thursday night at the Grand Opera House.

All those having cash for Debs tickets sold should turn it in next Tuesday evening, so that the bills may be met.

Comrade Chas. L. Breckon began speaking on corner of Main and Seventh streets, on the evening of Oct. 4, in spite of the bad weather. Notwithstanding it began to rain about 7 o'clock, there was a large crowd out to hear him. The rain ceased and he began; when he had gotten under full headway, the rain began to pour, and the crowd flew to shelter. After that shower passed away, he tried to call them together again; many came, but many had gone home. The remaining ones were then invited to come to Socialist Headquarters where the elements could not disturb us. This was done, and then Comrade Breckon gave us one of the best talks we had in a long time. It was a talk that every Socialist, as well as non-Socialist, ought to have heard, and it is a matter of deep regret that the weather prevented all but a few from getting the benefit of it.

### CORRESPONDENCE

Waterloo, Iowa, Oct. 4.

Breckon's meeting was advertised for 8 o'clock, but at 7:30 the crowd began to gather to such extent that Comrade John E. Shank, of Sioux City, who, by the way, was stopped by the police of the city last Wednesday evening (the cop knew his business, his superior having told him what to do he obeyed the orders so that he would not lose his job) while making a speech under an umbrella from a pile of bricks to a crowd standing under an awning and in the doorways, entertained the crowd until the appointed time and then in a few well chosen words introduced the speaker, Chas. L. Breckon, of Chicago, who at once began to chop 'em up in the latest packing house style (I mean the plutes arguments). It did not take him long to get warmed up to his subject and his drives at superstition and ignorance were center shots. The clickity click click of his gatling gun philosophy, is still clicking. I am sure. If there was a worker who left without registering a vow to fight for his own class in the future, there must be something the matter with his "noodle." The questions were answered in a clear and intelligent manner. Waterloo local will be benefited in many ways in the coming of Comrade Breckon. Give us more of the Breckon kind. E. D. HAMMOND.

Fairbank, Iowa, Oct. 5.

Editor Iowa Socialist: Comrade Breckon was with us Oct. 1. He delivered a speech on the street to a good sized crowd. He gave them hot shot in the afternoon and more of it in the evening. Every seat in the hall was occupied. We held a caucus Oct. 4 and nominated a full township ticket. L. J. DIETZ.

David S. Cameron, Carpenter. Terms very reasonable. Iowa Phone 4581.

### LOCAL MEETINGS

Des Moines Local No. 6 meets second and fourth Sunday afternoons of each month at 8:00 o'clock in Yeoman Hall.

Davenport local meets every first and third Friday in the month at Turner hall. Visitors always welcome. B. W. Wilson, Sec., 321 East 14th street.

Dubuque Local meets every Tuesday evening at 8:00 o'clock at Socialist Headquarters, 6th and Iowa streets.

Sioux City Local meets every Thursday

at 8:00 p. m. at the old Socialist Hall, 414 Douglas St. Everybody invited to attend.

Waterloo Local meets every Sunday in Eicklerberg's Hall at 3 p. m. Visitors always welcome. E. D. Hammond, Sec.

**Thornwick Rye Equal to the Best And Better than the Rest.**

Patronize our advertisers.

Don't fail to read announcement of our Special Campaign Edition on 1st page. This will be the biggest thing ever. Get in and help push.



The October number contains a comprehensive report of the proceedings of the International Socialist Congress at Amsterdam. The report gives the resolutions as adopted by the congress, some of the speeches before the congress and in the Commission on Socialist Tactics, especially the speeches of Jaures and Bebel, and numerous interesting paragraphs about men and matters at the congress. A great array of quotations from English, German, French, Italian, Belgian and Dutch Socialist papers will give American Socialists an idea as to the impression made by the congress and the tactic resolution upon the Socialists of the world. There is a large picture of the congress in session and a double page group picture of the International Socialist Bureau. Franklin H. Wentworth's editorial review alone is worth the subscription. The Comrade is published monthly. Price \$1 per year, or ten cents a copy. We cannot send free samples, but will accept six months' subscriptions—three back numbers and three forthcoming numbers—at 25c each. Beautiful life size portraits of Debs and Hanford, printed separately on fine paper and suitable for framing, free with each yearly subscription if you mention this paper. Comrade Co-operative Co., 11 Cooper Sq., New York.

### Headquarters FOR THE BEST MAKES OF

## Union-Made Clothes

HATS, CAPS AND FURNISHING GOODS.



One-Price Clothing House, 438-446 MAIN STREET.

**Christensen & Bachle**  
Make Socialists Look like Capitalists. **TAILORS**  
Blackhawk National Bank Bldg. WATERLOO, IOWA.

**S. SUTTER, Proprietor et al.**

**Columbia Bakery**

Doughnuts 2 Doz. 15c. Layer Cakes 15c. 1860 Clay St.

### STATE NOTES

A local with eight members has been organized and chartered at Manson.

The nomination papers for the state ticket and for every congressional district have been filed.

Local Boone will send a delegation of one hundred or more to the Debs meeting in Des Moines, Oct. 10, they having secured a special rate for that number. Delegations are also coming in from Polk City, Madrid, Newton, Colfax, Altoona and Marshalltown.

The following additional dates have been made for the speakers now in Iowa: Geo. H. Goebel, Council Bluffs, Oct. 6; Waterloo, 7; John M. Work, Centerville, Oct. 6-17; Sigourney, 18; Marengo, 19; Newton, 20; Polk City, 22. Chas. L. Breckon, Cleveland, 17; Lucas, 18.

To counteract some of the work done by the Socialist agitators in the Sixth and eighth districts the republican party is advertising an ex-president of the American Federation of Labor to do some "spieling" in the affected territory. The gentleman in question never held the job above mentioned.

In many instances the Socialist speakers in Iowa are talking to crowded houses. At Madrid all the people so desiring were unable to gain admittance, and at Altoona, where the republicans a few days before had in attendance three speakers and the janitor, Chas. L. Breckon had an audience of fifty.

J. J. JACOBSEN, State Secretary.

### WHAT THEY SAY

John M. Work, Des Moines: "You are publishing a lot of good stuff. The article on organization by Breckon is just what is needed."

E. D. Hammond, Waterloo: "Guess you will call me 'squaw man' if I keep talking about women, but I was stuck on that editorial 'Woman's Work for Socialism.' Paper in general is O. K. In my opinion it ranks next to The Worker of New York."

Ryan, Ia., Oct. 3, 1904.

Editor Iowa Socialist: Enclosed find \$5 which you may use toward the continuation of The Iowa Socialist. The article in last week's issue by Comrade Herron is worth to me (an old man of 73 years) the \$5 alone, to say nothing of the able editorials and other convincing articles which so often appear in your little journal. With hopes for the success of the Iowa Socialist, I remain fraternally and truly,

Your Comrade,  
CHAS. HICKETIER.